

QUAID-I-AZAM UNIVERSITY  
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS**Test for M.Phil. admission Fall-2005**

Time: 9:30 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.

Dated: 16.08.2005

**NOTE:-** Attempt as many question as you can.

- Q.1 Show that every finite group of prime order is abelian.
- Q.2 Let  $V$  be a vector space over a field  $F$ . Show that the quotient of  $AGL(n, F)$  with  $T(V) = \{T_{I,b} : b \in F^n\}$  is isomorphic to  $GL(n, F)$ .
- 3 Derive the equation of continuity in Eulerian Formulation.
- 4 How do you get electromagnetic waves from Maxwell's equations?
- 5 Define moment of a vector. Deduce from it definition of angular momentum. A particle of unit mass lying at any time  $t$  at  $(t, 2t-1, t)$  moves with velocity  $[2, 3, 4]$ . Find the angular momentum of the particle at  $t=1$ .
- 6 Find Hamilton's equations of motion for a particle executing simple Harmonic motion.

P.T.O

Q.7 Classify the following integral equation

$$u(x) = 1 + \int_0^x (t-x) u(t) dt$$

verify whether  $u(x) = \cos x$  is its solution or not.

Q.8 Use residues to express  $f(z) = \frac{3z+2}{z(z-1)(z-2)}$  in partial fraction.

Q.9 Solve the following first order P.D.E

$$x^2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} + y^2 \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = (x+y)z.$$

Q.10 Prove or disprove

(a) If  $P(A|B) \geq P(A)$  then  $P(B|A) \geq P(B)$

(b) If  $P(B|A^c) = P(B|A)$  then  $A$  and  $B$  are independent.

Q.11 Show that the space  $C[a, b]$  is not an inner product space and hence not a Hilbert space.

Q.12 Discuss the convergence and uniform convergence of the series  $\sum f_n$  where  $f_n(x)$  is given by  $(nx)^{-2}$   $x \neq 0$ .

Q.13 Find the matrix  $g_{ab}$  and  $g^{ab}$  for  $x = (r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta)$   $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$

Q.14 Find a polynomial which interpolates the following data

$x$	0	1	3	4
$f(x)$	0	3	-3	0

Hence calculate  $f(2)$ .

- Q.15 Calculate to four decimals the eigenvalue of the matrix below nearest to the number  $-4$  with initial approximation of the eigen vector  $(0, 0, 1)^T$ . Perform three iterations only.

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -3 & -3 \\ 0 & -3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

- Q.16 Compute the Frenet frame (that is, the unit tangent, the principal normal and the binormal vectors) of the unit speed helix.
- Q.17 A 100 meter long train is moving at 90 percent of the speed of light. What will be its relativistic length contraction?

Q.18 Evaluate  $\int \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x^5}} dx$

- Q.19 Solve the initial value problem  $y'' - 4y' = 0$   
 $y(0) = 3$ ,  $y'(0) = 8$

- Q.20 Let  $v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$ , and  $v_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ . Determine if  $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$  is a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$  over  $\mathbb{R}$ .

- Q.21 Let  $I$  and  $J$  be any ideals of a ring  $R$ . Show that  $I+J = \{a+b : a \in I, b \in J\}$  is the smallest ideal of  $R$  containing  $I \cup J$ .

- Q.22 Show that every divisible abelian group is an injective  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module.
- Q.23 Let  $\mathcal{R}$  be the set of <sup>all</sup> real number and  $\mathcal{I}$  consists of  $\emptyset$ ,  $\mathbb{R}$  and all subsets of  $\mathbb{R}$  of the form  $(a, \infty)$  where  $a \in \mathbb{R}$ . Show that  $\mathcal{I}$  is a topology on  $\mathbb{R}$ .
- Q.24 Show that a set of measure zero is measurable.

Good Luck

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