

**DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
UNIVERSITY OF SARGODHA**

ADMISSION TEST M.PHIL/PH.D

Max Marks: 100

Date: 16-09-11

Time: 2 Hours

Instructions:

- Attempt any 10 questions.
- Read all questions very carefully before answering them.
- Write only solutions of the problems on answer sheet.

Question 1. Fill in the blanks.

- (i) In English engineering system of units, unit of temperature is
- (ii) In British Gravitational System of units, unit of mass is
- (iii) In SI system force is a dimension.
- (iv) $1\text{N} = \dots\dots\dots \text{Kg.m/s}^2$.
- (v) In FMLtT, $1\text{slug} = \dots\dots\dots \text{lbm}$.
- (vi) Write equation of continuity for steady flow in integral form:
- (vii) Write x component of momentum equation in integral form in absence of body forces:
- (viii) For incompressible flow is constant.
- (ix) For frictionless flow is zero.
- (x) For steady flow the law of conservation of mass in different form is

Question 2. Solve the following differential equations:

(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x + y^2}$.

(b) $y'' - y = \frac{1}{x}$.

Question 3(a). If $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ is the linear transformation that maps $(1,1)$ to $(3,4)$ and $(-1,1)$ to $(2,2)$, what's the image of $(3,1)$? (5)

(b). Let G and H be two groups and $f : G \rightarrow H$ be isomorphic. Then prove that $f^{-1} : H \rightarrow G$ is isomorphic. (5)

Question 4(a). Fill in the blanks. (4)

- (i) A function of bounded variation is expressible as the of two monotonically increasing function.
- (ii) Suppose f is a real differentiable function on some interval $[a, b]$ and suppose $f'(a) < \lambda < f'(b)$ then there exist a point $x \in (a, b)$ such that
- (iii) If $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ converges then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = \dots\dots\dots$
- (iv) For every real number x there is a set E of rational number such that

(b). Let $\{x_n\}$ and $\{y_n\}$ be two real sequences such that (6)

(a) $x_n \leq y_n$ for all n ;

(b) $\{x_n\}$ is increasing;

(c) $\{y_n\}$ is decreasing.

Show that $\{x_n\}$ and $\{y_n\}$ are convergent.

Question 5(a). Define the following. (2+2=4)

(i) Radius of gyration

(ii) Perpendicular axis theorem

(b). If $\psi(x, y, z)$ be a scalar point function then derive the expression for the curl of the gradient of ψ . (6)

Question 6(a). If A be any subset of a discrete topological space X , show that the derived set A' of A is empty. (4)

(b). Show that (6)

(i) A convergent sequence is bounded.

(ii) If $x_n \rightarrow x$ and $y_n \rightarrow y$, then $d(x_n, y_n) \rightarrow d(x, y)$.

Question 7(a). State and prove Newton-Raphson method.

(b). Find the zero of the $f(x) = x^3 - 5$ in the interval $[0, 3]$ by regular-falsi method and perform 3-iteration.

Question 8(a). Fill in the blanks. (4)

(i) The Lebesgue outer measure of an interval is equal to its

(ii) If $\{A_n\}_1^\infty$ is a decreasing sequence in a measure space (X, \mathcal{A}, μ) , then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} A_n =$

(iii) A measure space in which every subset of a null set is measurable is called

(iv) For an increasing sequence $\{E_n\}_1^\infty$ in a measure space (X, \mathcal{A}, μ) , we $\mu(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} E_n) =$

(b). Answer the following short questions: (6)

(i) Let μ^* be an outer measure on a set X . If $E \in P(X)$ with $\mu^*(E) = 0$, then show that every subset E_0 of E is μ^* -measurable.

(ii) Let G be any open set in \mathbb{R} . Let (X, \mathcal{A}) be a measurable space and f an \mathcal{A} -measurable function on a set $D \in \mathcal{A}$, then show that $f^{-1}G \in \mathcal{A}$

(iii) Show that in a measure space the sum of two measurable functions is measurable.

Question 9(a). Evaluate $\text{Log}(z-i)$ by expressing it in the form $u+iv$ and prove that Cauchy Riemann equations are satisfied where $z = x + iy$.

(b). Calculate the Residues of $f(z) = \frac{z^3}{(z-1)(z-2)(z-3)}$ at $z = 1, 2, 3$, and at $z = \infty$.

Question 10(a). Show that the polynomial $x^2 - 2$ is irreducible over \mathbb{Q} , ring of rational numbers. (3)

(b). Describe all ring homomorphisms of $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$. (3)

(c). Define the following: (4)

- (i) Zero divisor
- (ii) Characteristic of a ring R
- (iii) Irreducible polynomial in $F(x)$, where F is a field.
- (iv) Principle ideal domain.

Question 11(a). Show that group of Quaternion is Nilpotent. (3)

(b). Find the upper central series of D_8 , Dihedral group of order 8. (3)

(c). Define the following (4)

- (i) Commutator subgroup
- (ii) Sylow p -subgroup
- (iii) Special linear group
- (iv) Write down all elements of order 3 and 4 in S_4 , symmetric group of degree 4.

Question 12(a). Fill in the blanks. (1+1+2=4)

- (i) The transformation matrix A is called orthogonal if
 - (ii) The mass of a stable nucleus is always the sum of the masses of its constituent particles.
 - (iii) The length of plate form in rest frame is 65m. Find the velocity of an observer in a rocket so that the observed length is half of its original length.
- (b).** Prove that the composition of two Lorentz transformations is a Lorentz transformation.

Good Luck

Available at
<http://www.MathCity.org>

@Facebook@

<https://www.facebook.com/MathCity.org>

@Google+@

<https://plus.google.com/b/113196409348253197516/>