Unit 2

# Logarithms

**EXERCISE 2.1** 

- Express the following numbers in scientific notation: 1.
  - 2000000 (i)

- (ii) 48900
- (iii) 0.0042

(iv) 0.0000009

- (v)  $73 \times 10^{3}$
- $0.65 \times 10^{2}$ (vi)

# **Solution**

- (i)  $2 \times 10^6$
- (ii)  $4.89 \times 10^4$  (iii)  $4.2 \times 10^{-3}$  (iv)  $9 \times 10^{-7}$  (v)  $7.3 \times 10^4$

(vi)  $6.5 \times 10^{1}$ 

- 2. Express the following numbers in ordinary notation:
  - $8.04 \times 10^{2}$ (i)

- (ii)  $3 \times 10^5$
- (iii)  $1.5 \times 10^{-2}$

- (iv)  $1.77 \times 10^7$
- (v)  $5.5 \times 10^{-6}$
- $4 \times 10^{-5}$ (vi)

# **Solution**

- (i) 804 (ii) 300000 (iii) 0.015 (iv) 17700000 (v) 0.0000055 (vi) 0.00004
  - The speed of light is approximately  $3 \times 10^8$  metres per second. Express it in 3. standard form.
  - 4. The circumference of the Earth at the equator is about 40075000 metres. Express this number in scientific notation.
  - 5. The diameter of Mars is  $6.7779 \times 10^3$  km. Express this number in standard form.
  - The diameter of Earth is about  $1.2756 \times 10^4$  km. Express this number in 6. standard form.

- 3.
- 300,000,000 m/sec 4.  $4.0075 \times 10^7$  m
- 5.
  - 6779 km **6.** 12756 km

# **EXERCISE 2.2**

1. Express each of the following in logarithmic form:

(i) 
$$10^3 = 1000$$

(ii) 
$$2^8 = 256$$

(i) 
$$10^3 = 1000$$
 (ii)  $2^8 = 256$  (iii)  $3^{-3} = \frac{1}{27}$ 

(iv) 
$$20^2 = 400$$

(iv) 
$$20^2 = 400$$
 (v)  $16^{-\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{1}{2}$  (vi)  $11^2 = 121$ 

(vi) 
$$11^2 = 121$$

(vii) 
$$p = q^r$$

(vii) 
$$p = q^r$$
 (viii)  $(32)^{\frac{-1}{5}} = \frac{1}{2}$ 

Solution:  $\log_b(x) = y \Leftrightarrow b^y = x$ ;  $b > 0, x > 0, b \neq 1$ 

(i) 
$$\log_{10} 1000 = 3$$

(ii) 
$$\log_2 256 = 8$$

(i) 
$$\log_{10} 1000 = 3$$
 (ii)  $\log_2 256 = 8$  (iii)  $\log_3 \frac{1}{27} = -3$  (iv)  $\log_{20} 400 = 2$ 

(iv) 
$$\log_{20} 400 = 2$$

(v) 
$$\log_{16} \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

(vi) 
$$\log_{11} 121 = 2$$

(vii) 
$$\log_q p = r$$

(v) 
$$\log_{16} \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{4}$$
 (vi)  $\log_{11} 121 = 2$  (vii)  $\log_q p = r$  (viii)  $\log_{32} \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{5}$ 

2. Express each of the following in exponential form:

(i) 
$$\log_5 125 = 3$$
 (ii)  $\log_2 16 = 4$  (iii)  $\log_{23} 1 = 0$ 

(ii) 
$$\log_2 16 = 4$$

(iii) 
$$\log_2$$
,  $1=0$ 

$$(iv) \qquad \log_5 5 = 1$$

(iv) 
$$\log_5 5 = 1$$
 (v)  $\log_2 \frac{1}{8} = -3$  (vi)  $\frac{1}{2} = \log_9 3$ 

$$(vi) \qquad \frac{1}{2} = \log_9 3$$

(vii) 
$$5 = \log_{10} 100000$$
 (viii)  $\log_4 \frac{1}{16} = -2$ 

Solution:  $\log_b(x) = y \Leftrightarrow b^y = x$ ;  $b > 0, x > 0, b \neq 1$ 

(i) 
$$5^3 = 125$$
 (ii)  $2^4 = 16$  (iii)  $23^0 = 1$  (iv)  $5^1 = 5$ 

(ii) 
$$2^4 = 16$$

(iii) 
$$23^0 = 1$$

(iv) 
$$5^1 = 5$$

(v) 
$$2^{-3} = \frac{1}{8}$$

(vi) 
$$9^{\frac{1}{2}} = 3$$

(v) 
$$2^{-3} = \frac{1}{9}$$
 (vi)  $9^{\frac{1}{2}} = 3$  (vii)  $10^5 = 100000$  (viii)  $4^{-2} = \frac{1}{16}$ 

(viii) 
$$4^{-2} = \frac{1}{16}$$

3. Find the value of x in each of the following:

(i) 
$$\log_x 64 = 3$$
 (ii)  $\log_5 1 = x$  (iii)  $\log_x 8 = 1$ 

(ii) 
$$\log_5 1 = 3$$

(iii) 
$$\log_{x} 8 = 1$$

(iv) 
$$\log_{10} x = -3$$

(iv) 
$$\log_{10} x = -3$$
 (v)  $\log_4 x = \frac{3}{2}$  (vi)  $\log_2 1024 = x$ 

$$(vi) \qquad \log_2 1024 = x$$

Solution:  $log_b(x) = y \Leftrightarrow b^y = x$ ;  $b > 0, x > 0, b \neq 1$ 

i. 
$$\log_{x} 64 = 3 \Rightarrow x^{3} = 64 \Rightarrow x^{3} = 4^{3} \Rightarrow x = 4$$

ii. 
$$\log_5 1 = x \Rightarrow 5^x = 1 \Rightarrow 5^x = 5^0 \Rightarrow x = 0$$

iii. 
$$\log_{\mathbf{x}} 8 = 1 \Rightarrow \mathbf{x}^1 = 8 \Rightarrow \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{8}$$

iv. 
$$\log_{10} x = -3 \Rightarrow 10^{-3} = x \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{10^{3}} \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{1000}$$

$$\mathbf{v.} \log_4 x = \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow 4^{\frac{3}{2}} = x \Rightarrow x = (2^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \Rightarrow x = 2^3 \Rightarrow \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{8}$$

**vi.** 
$$\log_2 1024 = x \Rightarrow 2^x = 1024 \Rightarrow 2^x = 2^{10} \Rightarrow x = 10$$

# **EXERCISE 2.3**

1. Find characteristic of the following numbers:

(i) 5287

59.28 (ii)

0.0567 (iii)

(iv) 234.7

0.000049 (v)

(vi) 145000

# **Solution**

(i) 3

(ii) 1

(iii) -2

(iv) 2

(v) -5

(vi) 5

2. Find logarithm of the following numbers:

(i) 43 (ii) 579 (iii) 1.982

(iv) 0.0876

0.047 (v)

0.000354 (vi)

# **Solution**

 $i. \log 43 = 1.6335$ 

Characteristic = 1, Mantissa = 0.6335

ii.  $\log 579 = 2.7627$ 

Characteristic = 2, Mantissa = 0.7627

**iii.**  $\log 19.82 = 1.2971$ 

Characteristic = 1, Mantissa = 0.2971

iv.  $\log 0.0876 = -2 + 0.9425 = -1.0575$  Characteristic = -2, Mantissa = 0.9425

 $\mathbf{v.} \log 0.047 = -2 + 0.6721 = -1.3279$ 

Characteristic = -2, Mantissa = 0.6721

**vi.**  $\log 0.000354 = -4 + 0.5490 = -3.4518$  Characteristic = -4, Mantissa = 0.5490

- 3. If  $\log 3.177 = 0.5019$ , then find:
  - log 3177 (i)
- log 31.77 (ii)
- log 0.03177 (iii)

# **Solution**

 $i. \log 3177 = 3.5019$ 

Characteristic = 3, Mantissa = 0.5019

**ii.**  $\log 31.77 = 1.5019$ 

Characteristic = 1, Mantissa = 0.5019

iii.  $\log 0.03177 = -2 + 0.5019 = -1.4981$  Characteristic = -2, Mantissa = 0.5019

4. Find the value of x.

(i) 
$$\log x = 0.0065$$
 (ii)  $\log x = 1.192$  (iii)  $\log x = -3.434$ 

(iv) 
$$\log x = -1.5726$$
 (v)  $\log x = 4.3561$  (vi)  $\log x = -2.0184$ 

i. 
$$\log x = 0.0065 \Rightarrow x = \text{antilog}(0.0065) \Rightarrow x = 1.015$$

ii. 
$$log x = 1.192 \Rightarrow x = antilog(1.192) \Rightarrow x = 15.56$$

iii. 
$$\log x = -3.434 \Rightarrow \log x = -4 + 4 - 3.434 \Rightarrow x = \operatorname{antilog}(\overline{4}.566)$$
  
 $\Rightarrow x = 0.0003681$ 

$$iv.logx = -1.5726 \Rightarrow logx = -2 + 2 - 1.5726 \Rightarrow x = antilog(\bar{2}.4274)$$
  
 $\Rightarrow x = 0.02675$ 

$$\mathbf{v.} \log \mathbf{x} = 4.3561 \Rightarrow \mathbf{x} = \operatorname{antilog}(4.3561) \Rightarrow \mathbf{x} = 2270$$

vi.logx = 
$$-2.0184 \Rightarrow \log x = -3 + 3 - 2.0184 \Rightarrow x = \operatorname{antilog}(\overline{3}.9816)$$
  
 $\Rightarrow x = 0.009585$ 

# EXERCISE 2.4

1. Without using calculator, evaluate the following:

(i) 
$$\log_2 18 - \log_2 9$$
 (ii)  $\log_2 64 + \log_2 2$  (iii)  $\frac{1}{3} \log_3 8 - \log_3 18$ 

(iv) 
$$2\log 2 + \log 25$$
 (v)  $\frac{1}{3}\log_4 64 + 2\log_5 25$  (vi)  $\log_3 12 + \log_3 0.25$ 

i. 
$$\log_2 18 - \log_2 9 = \log_2 (2 \times 9) - \log_2 9 = \log_2 2 + \log_2 9 - \log_2 9$$
  
=  $\log_2 2 = 1$ 

ii. 
$$\log_2 64 + \log_2 2 = \log_2 (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2) + \log_2 2$$
  
=  $\log_2 (2^6) + \log_2 2 = 6\log_2 2 + \log_2 2 = 7\log_2 2 = 7(1) = 7$ 

iii. 
$$\frac{1}{3}\log_3 8 - \log_3 18 = \frac{1}{3}\log_3(2 \times 2 \times 2) - \log_3(2 \times 3 \times 3)$$
  

$$= \frac{1}{3}\log_3(2^3) - \log_3(2 \times 3^2) = \frac{3}{3}\log_3 2 - \log_3 2 - 2\log_3 3$$
  

$$= \log_3 2 - \log_3 2 - 2\log_3 3 = -2(1) = -2$$

iv. 
$$2\log 2 + \log 25 = 2\log 2 + \log(5^2) = 2\log 2 + 2\log 5 = 2(\log 2 + \log 5)$$
  
=  $2\log(2 \times 5) = 2\log 10 = 2(1) = 2$ 

$$\mathbf{v.} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \log_4 64 + 2\log_5 25 = \frac{1}{3} \log_4 (4^3) + 2\log_5 (5^2) = \frac{3}{3} \log_4 4 + 2 \times 2\log_5 5$$
$$= \log_4 4 + 4\log_5 5 = (1) + 4(1) = 1 + 4 = \mathbf{5}$$

**vi.** 
$$\log_3 12 + \log_3 0.25 = \log_3 12 + \log_3 \frac{25}{100} = \log_3 12 + \log_3 \frac{1}{4} = \log_3 \frac{12}{4}$$
  
=  $\log_3 3 = 1$ 

2. Write the following as a single logarithm:

(i) 
$$\frac{1}{2}\log 25 + 2\log 3$$
 (ii)  $\log 9 - \log \frac{1}{3}$ 

(iii) 
$$\log_5 b^2 \cdot \log_a 5^3$$
 (iv)  $2\log_3 x + \log_3 y$ 

(v) 
$$4\log_5 x - \log_5 y + \log_5 z$$
 (vi)  $2 \ln a + 3 \ln b - 4 \ln c$ 

**Solution** 

$$\mathbf{i.} \frac{1}{2} \log 25 + 2 \log 3 = \frac{1}{2} \log (5^2) + \log (3^2) = \log 5 + \log 9 = \log (5 \times 9) = \log 45$$

ii. 
$$\log 9 - \log \frac{1}{3} = \log \left( \frac{9}{\frac{1}{3}} \right) = \log(9 \times 3) = \log 27$$

iii. 
$$\log_5 b^2 \cdot \log_a 5^3 = 2\log_5 b \times 3\log_a 5 = 2\frac{\log_a b}{\log_a 5} \times 3\frac{\log_a 5}{\log_a a} = 6\frac{\log_a b}{(1)} = 6\log_a b$$

**vi.** 
$$2\log_3 x + \log_3 y = \log_3(x^2) + \log_3 y = \log_3 x^2 y$$

**vi.** 
$$2 \ln a + 3 \ln b - 4 \ln c = \ln a^2 + \ln b^3 - \ln c^4 = \ln \frac{a^2 b^3}{c^4}$$

3. Expand the following using laws of logarithms:

(i) 
$$\log\left(\frac{11}{5}\right)$$
 (ii)  $\log_5\sqrt{8a^6}$  (iii)  $\ln\left(\frac{a^2b}{c}\right)$ 

(iv) 
$$\log\left(\frac{xy}{z}\right)^{\frac{1}{9}}$$
 (v)  $\ln\sqrt[3]{16x^3}$  (vi)  $\log_2\left(\frac{1-a}{b}\right)^5$ 

$$\mathbf{i.} \log \left(\frac{11}{5}\right) = \mathbf{log11} - \mathbf{log5}$$

ii. 
$$\log_5 \sqrt{8a^6} = \log_5 (2^3 \times a^6)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \log_5 \left(2^{\frac{3}{2}} \times a^3\right) = \frac{3}{2} \log_5 2 + 3 \log_5 a$$

iii. 
$$\ln\left(\frac{a^2b}{c}\right) = \ln a^2 + \ln b - \ln c = 2\ln a + \ln b - \ln c$$

iv. 
$$\ln \left(\frac{xy}{z}\right)^{\frac{1}{9}} = \frac{1}{9} \ln \left(\frac{xy}{z}\right) = \frac{1}{9} [\ln x + \ln y - \ln z]$$

$$\mathbf{v.} \ln \sqrt[3]{16x^3} = \ln(2^4 \times x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \ln(2^{\frac{4}{3}} \times x) = \frac{4}{3}\ln 2 + \ln x$$

vi. 
$$\log_2 \left(\frac{1-a}{b}\right)^5 = 5\log_2 \left(\frac{1-a}{b}\right) = 5[\log_2(1-a) - \log_2 b]$$

4. Find the value of x in the following equations:

(i) 
$$\log 2 + \log x = 1$$

(ii) 
$$\log_2 x + \log_2 8 = 5$$

(iii) 
$$(81)^x = (243)^{x+2}$$

(iv) 
$$\left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{x-6} = 27$$

(v) 
$$\log(5x-10) = 2$$

(vi) 
$$\log_2(x+1) - \log_2(x-4) = 2$$

# **Solution**

i. 
$$\log 2 + \log x = 1 \Rightarrow \log 2x = \log 10 \Rightarrow 2x = 10 \Rightarrow x = 5$$

ii. 
$$\log_2 x + \log_2 8 = 5 \Rightarrow \log_2 x + \log_2 8 = 5\log_2 2 \Rightarrow \log_2 8x = \log_2 2^5 \Rightarrow 8x = 32 \Rightarrow x = 4$$

iii. 
$$(81)^x = (243)^{x+2} \Rightarrow (3^4)^x = (3^5)^{x+2} \Rightarrow 3^{4x} = 3^{5x+10} \Rightarrow 5x + 10 = 4x \Rightarrow \mathbf{x} = -10$$

iv. 
$$\left(\frac{1}{27}\right)^{x-6} = 27 \Rightarrow (3^{-3})^{x-6} = 3^3 \Rightarrow 3^{-3x+18} = 3^3 \Rightarrow -3x + 18 = 3 \Rightarrow \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{5}$$

v. 
$$\log(5x - 10) = 2 \Rightarrow \log(5x - 10) = 2\log 10 \Rightarrow \log(5x - 10) = \log 10^2$$
  
  $\Rightarrow 5x - 10 = 100 \Rightarrow 5x = 110 \Rightarrow x = 22$ 

vi. 
$$\log_2(x+1) - \log_2(x-4) = 2 \Rightarrow \log_2\left(\frac{x+1}{x-4}\right) = 2\log_2 2$$
  

$$\Rightarrow \log_2\left(\frac{x+1}{x-4}\right) = \log_2 2^2 \Rightarrow \frac{x+1}{x-4} = 4 \Rightarrow x+1 = 4x-16$$

$$\Rightarrow 3x = 17 \Rightarrow x = \frac{17}{3} \Rightarrow x = 5\frac{2}{3}$$

5. Find the values of the following with the help of logarithm table:

(i) 
$$\frac{3.68 \times 4.21}{5.234}$$

(ii) 
$$4.67 \times 2.11 \times 2.397$$

(iii) 
$$\frac{(20.46)^2 \times (2.4122)}{754.3}$$

(iv) 
$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{9.364} \times 21.64}{3.21}$$

5(i). 
$$\log\left(\frac{3.68\times4.21}{5.234}\right) = ???$$

Let 
$$x = \frac{3.68 \times 4.21}{5.234}$$

$$\log x = \log \left( \frac{3.68 \times 4.21}{5.234} \right)$$
 taking logarithm on both sides

$$\log x = \log(3.68) + \log(4.21) - \log(5.234)$$

$$\log x = 0.5658 + 0.6243 - 0.7188$$

$$\log x = 0.4713$$

$$x = \text{antilog}(0.4713)$$

$$\Rightarrow log\left(\frac{3.68 \times 4.21}{5.234}\right) = 2.960$$

# 5(ii). $\log(4.67 \times 2.11 \times 2.397) = ???$ Solution

Let 
$$x = 4.67 \times 2.11 \times 2.397$$

$$\log x = \log(4.67 \times 2.11 \times 2.397)$$
 taking logarithm on both sides

$$\log x = \log(4.67) + \log(2.11) + \log(2.397)$$

$$\log x = 0.6693 + 0.3243 + 0.3797$$

$$log x = 1.3733$$

$$x = \text{antilog}(1.3733)$$

$$\Rightarrow \log(4.67 \times 2.11 \times 2.397) = 23.62$$

5(iii). 
$$\log \left[ \frac{(20.46)^2 \times (2.4122)}{754.3} \right] = ???$$

# **Solution**

Let 
$$x = \frac{(20.46)^2 \times (2.4122)}{77.13}$$

Let 
$$x = \frac{(20.46)^2 \times (2.4122)}{754.3}$$
  
 $\log x = \log \left[ \frac{(20.46)^2 \times (2.4122)}{754.3} \right]$  taking logarithm on both sides

$$\log x = 2\log(20.46) + \log(2.4122) - \log(754.3)$$

$$\log x = 2(1.3109) + 0.3824 - 2.8776$$

$$log x = 0.1266$$

$$x = antilog(0.1266)$$

$$x = \text{antilog}(0.1266)$$
  
 $\Rightarrow \log \left[ \frac{(20.46)^2 \times (2.4122)}{7543} \right] = 1.339$ 

5(iv). 
$$\log \left[ \frac{\sqrt[3]{9.364} \times (21.64)}{3.21} \right] = ???$$

Let 
$$x = \frac{\sqrt[3]{9.364} \times (21.64)}{\sqrt[3]{21}}$$

Let 
$$x = \frac{\sqrt[3]{9.364} \times (21.64)}{3.21}$$
  
 $\log x = \log \left[ \frac{\sqrt[3]{9.364} \times (21.64)}{3.21} \right]$  taking logarithm on both sides

$$\log x = \frac{1}{3}\log(9.364) + \log(21.64) - \log(3.21)$$

$$\log x = \frac{1}{3}(0.9715) + 1.3353 - 0.5065$$

$$\log x = \frac{3}{3}(0.9715) + 1.3353 - 0.5065$$

$$\log x = 1.1526$$

$$x = antilog(1.1526)$$

$$\Rightarrow \log \left[ \frac{\sqrt[3]{9.364} \times (21.64)}{3.21} \right] = 14.21$$

6. The formula to measure the magnitude of earthquakes is given by  $M = \log_{10} \left( \frac{A}{A_o} \right)$ . If amplitude (A) is 10,000 and reference amplitude (A<sub>o</sub>) is 10.

What is the magnitude of the earthquake?

#### **Solution**

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{M} &= \mathbf{log_{10}} \left[ \frac{\mathbf{A}}{A_0} \right] = \mathbf{log_{10}} \left[ \frac{10000}{10} \right] = ??? \\ M &= \log_{10} \left[ \frac{10000}{10} \right] \Rightarrow M = \log_{10} [1000] \Rightarrow M = \log_{10} [10^3] \Rightarrow \mathbf{M} = 3\log_{10} (10) \\ \Rightarrow \mathbf{M} &= \mathbf{log_{10}} \left[ \frac{\mathbf{A}}{A_0} \right] = \mathbf{log_{10}} \left[ \frac{10000}{10} \right] = \mathbf{3} \text{ rector scale} \end{aligned}$$

7. Abdullah invested Rs. 100,000 in a saving scheme and gains interest at the rate of 5% per annum so that the total value of this investment after t years is Rs y. This is modelled by an equation  $y = 100,000 (1.05)^t$ ,  $t \ge 0$ . Find after how many years the investment will be double.

#### **Solution**

Initial investment = Rs. 100000

Interest rate = 5% per annum

Total value after t years = y

The equation modeling this situation is:

$$y = 100000 \times (1.05)^{t}$$

We want to find years when the investment will be double, i.e., y = 2,00,000

$$2,00,000 = 1,00,000 \times (1.05)^{t}$$

$$2 = (1.05)^t \Rightarrow \log 2 = \log(1.05)^t \Rightarrow \log 2 = t \times \log(1.05)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{t} = \frac{\log 2}{\log(1.05)} \Rightarrow t = \frac{0.3010}{0.0212} \Rightarrow \mathbf{t} \approx \mathbf{14.21 \ years}$$

- 8. Huria is hiking up a mountain where the temperature (T) decreases by 3% (or a factor of 0.97) for every 100 metres gained in altitude. The initial temperature
  - $(T_i)$  at sea level is 20°C. Using the formula  $T = T_i \times 0.97^{\frac{n}{100}}$ , calculate the temperature at an altitude (h) of 500 metres.

# **REVIEW EXERCISE 2**

1.	Four options as	re given	against	each statement.	Encircle the	correct option.
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- (i) The standard form of  $5.2 \times 10^6$  is:
  - 52,000
- (b) 520,000
- (c)  $\checkmark$  5,200,000
  - (d) 52,000,000

- (ii) Scientific notation of 0.00034 is:

  - (a)  $3.4 \times 10^3$  (b)  $\checkmark 3.4 \times 10^{-4}$
- (c)  $3.4 \times 10^4$
- (d)  $3.4 \times 10^{-3}$

- (iii) The base of common logarithm is:
  - (a) 2
- (b) **1**0
- (c) 5
- (d)

- (iv)  $\log_2 2^3 =$ \_\_\_\_\_
  - (a) 1
- (c) 5
- $(d)V_3$

(v)  $\log 100 =$ \_\_\_\_\_. (a)  $\sqrt{2}$ 

- (c) 10
- (d) 1

- (vi) If  $\log 2 = 0.3010$ , then  $\log 200$  is:
  - (a) 1.3010
- (b) 0.6010
- (c)  $\sqrt{2.3010}$
- (d) 2.6010

- (vii)  $\log(0) =$ 
  - (a) positive
- (b) negative (c)
- zero (d)  $\checkmark$  undefined

- (viii) log 10,000 =
  - (a)
- (b)
- (c) **V** 4
- (d) 5

- (ix)  $\log 5 + \log 3 =$  .
  - log 0(a)
- (b) log 2
- (c)  $\log\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$  (d)  $\bigvee \log 15$

- (x)  $3^4 = 81$  in logarithmic form is:
  - (a)  $\log_3 4 = 81$

(b)  $\log_4 3 = 81$ 

(c)  $\log_3 81 = 4$ 

- (d)  $\log_4 81 = 3$
- Express the following numbers in scientific notation: 2.
  - (i) 0.000567
- (ii) 734
- (iii)  $0.33 \times 10^3$

- (i)  $5.67 \times 10^{-4}$  (ii)  $7.34 \times 10^{2}$  (iii)  $3.3 \times 10^{2}$

Express the following numbers in ordinary notation: 3.

(i)

 $2.6 \times 10^3$  (ii)  $8.794 \times 10^{-4}$  (iii)  $6 \times 10^{-6}$ 

**Solution** 

(i) 2600

(ii) 0.0008794 (iii) 0.000006

4. Express each of the following in logarithmic form:

(i)  $3^7 = 2187$  (ii)  $a^b = c$ 

(iii)  $(12)^2 = 144$ 

**Solution** 

 $\log_{3} 2187 = 7$  (ii)  $\log_{3} c = b$ (i)

(iii)  $\log_{12} 144 = 2$ 

Express each of the following in exponential form: 5.

(i)  $\log_4 8 = x$  (ii)  $\log_6 729 = 3$  (iii)  $\log_4 1024 = 5$ 

**Solution** 

(i) 
$$4^x = 8$$
 (ii)  $9^3 = 729$  (iii)  $4^5 = 1024$ 

6. Find value of x in the following:

(i) 
$$\log_9 x = 0.5$$
 (ii)  $\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{3x} = 27$  (iii)  $\left(\frac{1}{32}\right)^{2x} = 64$ 

**Solution** 

i.  $\log_9 x = 0.5 \Rightarrow x = 9^{0.5} \Rightarrow x = (3^2)^{\frac{1}{2}} \Rightarrow x = 3$ 

**ii.** 
$$\left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{3x} = 27 \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{3^2}\right)^{3x} = 3^3 \Rightarrow (3^{-2})^{3x} = 3^3 \Rightarrow 3^{-6x} = 3^3$$
  
 $\Rightarrow -6x = 3 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{3}{6} \Rightarrow \mathbf{x} = -\frac{1}{2}$ 

iii. 
$$\left(\frac{1}{32}\right)^{2x} = 64 \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{2^5}\right)^{2x} = 2^6 \Rightarrow (2^{-5})^{2x} = 2^6 \Rightarrow 2^{-10x} = 2^6$$
  
 $\Rightarrow -10x = 6 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{6}{10} \Rightarrow \mathbf{x} = -\frac{3}{5}$ 

7. Write the following as a single logarithm:

(i) 
$$7 \log x - 3\log y^2$$
 (ii)  $3 \log 4 - \log 32$ 

(iii) 
$$\frac{1}{3}(\log_5 8 + \log_5 27) - \log_5 3$$

**Solution** 

**i.** 
$$7\log x - 3\log y^2 = \log x^7 - \log y^6 = \log \frac{x^7}{y^6}$$

ii. 
$$3\log 4 - \log 32 = \log 4^3 - \log 32 = \log \frac{4^3}{32} = \log \frac{64}{32} = \log 2$$

iii. 
$$\frac{1}{3}(\log_5 8 + \log_5 27) - \log_5 3 = \frac{1}{3}[\log_5 (8 \times 27)] - \log_5 3$$
  
 $= \frac{1}{3}[\log_5 (216)] - \log_5 3 = \log_5 (6^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} - \log_5 3$   
 $= \log_5 6 - \log_5 3 = \log_5 \frac{6}{3} = \log_5 2$ 

8. Expand the following using laws of logarithms:

(i) 
$$\log (x y z^6)$$
 (ii)  $\log_3 \sqrt[6]{m^5 n^3}$  (iii)  $\log \sqrt{8x^3}$ 

# **Solution**

$$\mathbf{i.} \log(xyz^6) = \log x + \log y + \log z^6 = \mathbf{log}x + \mathbf{log}y + \mathbf{6log}z$$

ii. 
$$\log_3 \sqrt[6]{m^5 n^3} = \log_3 (m^5 n^3)^{\frac{1}{6}} = \frac{1}{6} [\log_3 m^5 + \log_3 n^3] = \frac{1}{6} [5\log_3 m + 3\log_3 n]$$

iii. 
$$\log \sqrt{8x^3} = \log(8x^3)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \log(2^3x^3)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \log(2x)^{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{3}{2}[\log 2 + \log x]$$

9. Find the values of the following with the help of logarithm table:

(i) 
$$\sqrt[3]{68.24}$$

(ii) 
$$319.8 \times 3.543$$

(iii) 
$$\frac{36.12 \times 750.9}{113.2 \times 9.98}$$

9(i).  $\log[\sqrt[3]{68.24}] = ???$ 

Let 
$$x = \sqrt[3]{68.24} = (68.24)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\log x = \log(68.24)^{\frac{1}{3}}$$
 taking logarithm on both sides

$$\log x = \frac{1}{3}\log(68.24) = \frac{1}{3}(1.8340)$$

$$\log x = 0.6113$$

$$x = \text{antilog}(0.6113)$$

$$\Rightarrow \log \left[ \sqrt[3]{68.24} \right] = 4.086$$

$$9(ii). \log(319.8 \times 3.543) = ???$$

## Solution

Let 
$$x = 319.8 \times 3.543$$

$$log x = log(319.8 \times 3.543)$$
 taking logarithm on both sides

$$\log x = \log(319.8) + \log(3.543)$$

$$\log x = 2.5049 + 0.5494$$

$$log x = 3.0543$$

$$x = \text{antilog}(3.0543)$$

$$\Rightarrow \log(319.8 \times 3.543) = 1133$$

9(iii). 
$$\log \left( \frac{36.12 \times 750.9}{113.2 \times 9.98} \right) = ???$$

## Solution

Let 
$$x = \frac{36.12 \times 750.9}{142.2 \times 10.00}$$

Let 
$$x = \frac{36.12 \times 750.9}{113.2 \times 9.98}$$
  
 $\log x = \log \left( \frac{36.12 \times 750.9}{113.2 \times 9.98} \right)$  taking logarithm on both sides

$$\log x = \log(36.12) + \log(750.9) - \log(113.2) - \log(9.98)$$

$$\log x = 1.5578 + 2.8756 - 2.0539 - 0.9991$$

$$log x = 1.3804$$

$$x = \text{antilog}(1.3804)$$

$$\Rightarrow \log\left(\frac{36.12 \times 750.9}{113.2 \times 9.98}\right) = 24.01$$

10. In the year 2016, the population of a city was 22 millions and was growing at a rate of 2.5% per year. The function  $p(t) = 22(1.025)^t$  gives the population in millions, t years after 2016. Use the model to determine in which year the population will reach 35 millions. Round the answer to the nearest year.

# **Solution**

$$P(t) = 22 \times (1.025)^t$$

$$35 = 22 \times (1.025)^{t}$$
 when  $P(t) = 35$ 

$$1.591 = (1.025)^{t}$$
 dividing by 22

$$log1.591 = t \times log1.025$$
 taking logarithm on both sides

$$0.2014 = t \times 0.0107 \Rightarrow t = \frac{0.2014}{0.0107}$$

$$t = 18.81 \approx 19 \text{ years}$$

Since t represents years after 2016, add 19 to 2016:

Year 
$$\approx 2016 + 19 \approx 2035$$