## Govt. Ghazali Degree College, Jhang

(Important Short Questions) Course: Calculus and Analytic Geometry

Chapter # 01

Functions and Limits

Following short questions are selected from previous 5 years papers of different boards. Solve these at your own to perform well in annual exams.

- 1. Define function with an example.
- 2. Define even and odd functions.
- 3. Prove that  $\cosh^2 x \sinh^2 x = 1$ .
- 4. Prove the identity sinh2x = 2sinhxcoshx.
- 5. Prove the identity  $cosech^2 x = coth^2 x 1$ .
- 6. With the help of Vertical line test, decide whether  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$  is a function or not.
- 7. Express the volume V of a cube as a function of the area A of its base.
- 8. Find the domain and range of the function g(x) = |x 3|.
- 9. Find the domain and range of  $\sqrt{x^2 4}$ .
- 10. Find the domain and range of  $\sqrt{x+1}$ .
- 11. Determine whether the function  $f(x) = x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6$  is even or odd.
- 12. Determine whether the function  $f(x) = \frac{3x}{x^2+1}$  is even or odd.
- 13. If f(x) = -2x + 8, find  $f^{-1}(x)$ .
- 14. Find  $f^{-1}(x)$ , if  $f(x) = 2 + \sqrt{x-1}$ . Also write the domain and range of  $f^{-1}(x)$ .
- 15. Without finding the inverse, state the domain and range of  $f^{-1}(x)$ , if  $f(x) = x 5^2$ .
- 16. Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{1 - \cos x}{x}\right).$$

17. Evaluate the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} (1 + \frac{3}{x})^{2x}.$$

18. Prove that

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{a^x - 1}{x} = \log_e a.$$

19. Evaluate

20. Evaluate

 $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x}{tanx}$ 

21. Express in terms of e,

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} (\frac{x}{1+x})^x.$$

22. Evaluate

$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{x+h} - \sqrt{x}}{h}.$$

23. Evaluate

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} (1 - \frac{1}{n})^n.$$

24. Evaluate

$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{1 - cosp\theta}{1 - cosq\theta}$$

- 25. Evaluate $\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{2 3x}{\sqrt{3 + 4x^2}}.$
- 26. Evaluate $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 1}{x^2 x}.$
- 27. Evaluate

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{x^2}$$

- 28. Define a continuous function. 29. If  $f(x) = \frac{x^2-9}{x-3}$ , discuss continuity at x = 3.
- 30. Explain why the function  $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x-2}$  is discontinuous at x = 2.

Best of Luck