

Convert the following theorems to logical form and prove them by constructing truth table:-

**Question # 1**

$$(A \cap B)' = A' \cup B'$$

**Solution**

The corresponding formula of logic is

$$\sim(p \wedge q) = \sim p \vee \sim q$$

$p$	$q$	$\sim p$	$\sim q$	$p \wedge q$	$\sim(p \wedge q)$	$\sim p \vee \sim q$
T	T	F	F	T	F	F
T	F	F	T	F	T	T
F	T	T	F	F	T	T
F	F	T	T	F	T	T

The last two columns of the above table shows that  $\sim(p \wedge q) = \sim p \vee \sim q$  and hence  $(A \cap B)' = A' \cup B'$ .

**Question # 2**

$$(A \cup B) \cup C = A \cup (B \cup C)$$

**Solution**

The corresponding formula of logic is

$$(p \vee q) \vee r = p \vee (q \vee r)$$

$p$	$q$	$r$	$p \vee q$	$q \vee r$	$(p \vee q) \vee r$	$p \vee (q \vee r)$
T	T	T	T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T	T	T	T
T	F	T	T	T	T	T
T	F	F	T	F	T	T
F	T	T	T	T	T	T
F	T	F	T	T	T	T
F	F	T	F	T	T	T
F	F	F	F	F	F	F

The last two columns of the above table shows that  $(p \vee q) \vee r = p \vee (q \vee r)$  and hence  $(A \cup B) \cup C = A \cup (B \cup C)$ .

**Question # 3**

$$(A \cap B) \cap C = A \cap (B \cap C)$$

**Solution**

The corresponding formula of logic is

$$(p \wedge q) \wedge r = p \wedge (q \wedge r)$$

$p$	$q$	$r$	$p \wedge q$	$q \wedge r$	$(p \wedge q) \wedge r$	$p \wedge (q \wedge r)$
T	T	T	T	T	T	T
T	T	F	T	F	F	F
T	F	T	F	F	F	F
T	F	F	F	F	F	F
F	T	T	F	T	F	F
F	T	F	F	F	F	F
F	F	T	F	F	F	F
F	F	F	F	F	F	F

The last two columns of the above table shows that  $(p \wedge q) \wedge r = p \wedge (q \wedge r)$  and hence  $(A \cap B) \cap C = A \cap (B \cap C)$ .

**Question # 4**

$$A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$$

**Solution**

$$A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$$

The corresponding formula of logic is

$$p \vee (q \wedge r) = (p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$$

$p$	$q$	$r$	$q \wedge r$	$p \vee q$	$p \vee r$	$p \vee (q \wedge r)$	$(p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$
T	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
T	T	F	F	T	T	T	T
T	F	T	F	T	T	T	T
T	F	F	F	T	T	T	T
F	T	T	T	T	T	T	T
F	T	F	F	T	F	F	F
F	F	T	F	F	T	F	F
F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F

The last two columns of the above table shows that  $p \vee (q \wedge r) = (p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$  and hence  $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$ .

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**Book: Exercise 2.4**

*Text Book of Algebra and Trigonometry Class XI*

*Punjab Textbook Board, Lahore.*

*Available online at <http://www.MathCity.org> in PDF Format*

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*Page setup: A4 (8.27 in × 11.02 in).*

*Updated: 10-9-2017.*



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