Govt. Ghazali Degree College, Jhang

(Important Short Questions) Course: Algebra and Trigonometry

Chapter # 02

Sets, Functions and Groups

Following short questions are selected from previous 5 years papers of different boards. Solve these at your own to perform well in annual exams.

- 1. Define complement of a set.
- 2. Define the difference of two sets.
- 3. Prove that for any two sets A and B, $A B = A \cap B^c$.
- 4. What is the difference between $\{a, b\}$ and $\{\{a, b\}\}$?
- 5. If $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $B = \{3, 4, 5, 7, 8\}$, $C = \{1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9\}$, verify the associative laws of union and intersection.
- 6. Define power set of a set.
- 7. Write down the power set of $\{a, \{b, c\}\}$.
- 8. Write down the power sets of $\{\}$ and $\{0\}$.
- 9. Write any two proper subsets of $\{a, b, c\}$.
- 10. Show A B by Venn diagram when A and B are overlapping sets.
- 11. Under what conditions on A and B, $n(A) = n(A \cap B)$?
- 12. What is meant by a tautology?nment Ghazali College, Jhang
- 13. Show that $\sim (p \to q) \to p$ is a tautology.
- 14. Show that $p \to (p \lor q)$ is a tautology.
- 15. Write the converse and inverse of $\sim p \Rightarrow q$.
- 16. Write the converse and contrapositive statement of $p \Rightarrow q$.
- 17. Construct the truth table for $(p \land \sim q) \Rightarrow q$.
- 18. For $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, find the relation $\{(x, y) : x = y\}$ in A.
- 19. For $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$, find the relation $\{(x, y) : x + y < 5\}$ in A.
- 20. Find the inverse of the relation $\{(1,2), (2,5), (3,4), (2,1), (5,4)\}$.
- 21. Find the inverse of the relation $\{(x, y) : y^2 = 4ax, x \ge 0\}$.
- 22. Define a semigroup.

23. Define a group.

- 24. If a and b are elements of a group G, then show that $(ab)^{-1} = b^{-1}a^{-1}$.
- 25. Show that the set of natural numbers, \mathbb{N} is not a group w.r.t. addition.
- 26. Show that $\{1, \omega, \omega^2\}$, where $\omega^3 = 1$, is an abelian group w.r.t. multiplication.
- 27. If a, b are elements of a group G, then solve the equation ax = b.
- 28. If e is the identity in a group G, show that e is unique.

Best of Luck

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