

Time: 90 minutes

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Note: Section I is compulsory, Section II is for Applied Mathematics and Section III for Pure Mathematics candidates.

Use separate page for each question.

Section I

- Q. 1. If $0 < a < b$, determine $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{a^{n+1} + b^{n+1}}{a^n + b^n} \right)$.
- Q. 2. Compute the integral or prove its divergence $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$.
- Q. 3. a) In the group $(\mathbb{C} - \{0\}, \cdot)$ mention an element with order n .
 b) In the group $(\mathbb{C} - \{0\}, \cdot)$ mention an element with order ∞ .
 c) When a group is of finite order?
 d) Give an example of a multiplicative group with order 8 containing a prime field with 3 elements.
 e) Establish an isomorphism between the groups $(\mathbb{R}, +)$ and (\mathbb{R}^+, \cdot) .
- Q. 4. Let $X \neq \phi$ and $x_0 \in X$. Show that $\mathfrak{T} = \{X\} \cup \{A \subseteq X : x_0 \notin A\}$ forms a topology on X .
- Q. 5. Solve $x^2 y^3 + x(1 + y^2)y' = 0$.
- Q. 6. Let T be a linear operator on \mathbb{R}^3 defined by $T(x, y, z) = (2y + z, x - 4y, 3x)$. Find the matrix of T in the basis $\{(1, 1, 1), (1, 1, 0), (1, 0, 0)\}$.
- Q. 7. Define a conservative force. Prove that the work done by such a force around a closed loop is zero. Is the converse true?
- Q. 8. Let C denote the circle $|z| = 1$, taken in the positive sense. Evaluate the integral $\int_C \exp(z + \frac{1}{z}) dz$.
- Q. 9. Find the first fundamental form of the surface:
 $x = \{3(\cos \phi \sin \theta), 3(\sin \phi \sin \theta), 3(\cos \theta)\}$ $0 \leq \theta \leq \pi, 0 \leq \phi \leq 2\pi$.
- Q. 10. Find the contracted tensor components of F_b^a , where
 $F_{ab}^{ac} = A_a^c B_b^c$ and $A_a^c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$, $B_b^c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$.
- Q. 11. Show that $\left(\frac{\Delta^2}{E} \right) (e^x) \cdot \frac{E(e^x)}{\Delta^2(e^x)} = e^x$.
- Q. 12. Solve $k \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$; $0 < x < \infty, t > 0$
 $u(0, t) = A, t \geq 0$
 $u(x, 0) = 0, 0 < x < \infty$
 u and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}$ both tend to zero when $x \rightarrow \infty$.
- Q. 13. Let $T : N \rightarrow M$ be a surjective bounded and linear operator from a normed space N to a normed space M . If there exists a positive real number b such that $\|Tx\| \geq b\|x\|$ for all $x \in N$, then T^{-1} exists and is bounded.

Section II

Q. 14. Find the solution of $\sin x = \int_0^x e^{x-t} u(t) dt$.

Q. 15. Is the motion $u = \frac{kx}{x^2+y^2}, v = \frac{ky}{x^2+y^2}, w = 0$ kinematically possible for an incompressible fluid (k is constant).

Q. 16. Write the Lorentz transformations as a rotation about a fixed axis, hence prove that the Lorentz transformations form a rotation group (Lorentz-Poincare group).

Q. 17. Let \hat{A} be an operator such that for a state vector $|\Psi\rangle$:

$$|\Psi\rangle = 2i|+\rangle - 3|0\rangle + |-\rangle,$$

$$\hat{A}|\Psi\rangle = 3|+\rangle + |0\rangle - i|-\rangle.$$

Find the matrix and outer product representation for \hat{A} in basis $\{|+\rangle, |0\rangle, |-\rangle\}$.

Q. 18. Derive equation of motion for isotropic elastic medium.

Q. 19. Derive wave equations for conducting medium in terms of electric and magnetic fields.

Q. 20. Use Picard's method to approximate $y(0.1)$ given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$, $y(0) = 1$. By performing four iterations.

Section III

Q. 21. Let H be a Hilbert space and $A \subseteq H$. Then $(\overline{A})^\perp = A^\perp$.

Q. 22. In how many ways can 7 boys and 2 girls be lined up in a row such that the girls must be separated by exactly 3 boys?

Q. 23. a) Prove that $\frac{\mathbb{Z}}{n\mathbb{Z}} \simeq \mathbb{Z}_n$.

b) Verify that F^n is an algebra over the field F .

c) For field F verify that if $k < n$ be positive integers, then

$0 \rightarrow F^k \xrightarrow{\sigma} F^n \xrightarrow{\xi} F^{n-k} \rightarrow 0$ is short exact sequence of F -algebras.

(Hint show that $\text{Im } \sigma = \ker \xi$) (3+3+4)

Q. 24. a) Define a linear code.

b) In short exact sequence of \mathbb{Z}_2 -spaces

$0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2^k \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2^n \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_2^{n-k} \rightarrow 0$ explain the code is linear subspace of \mathbb{Z}_2^n having dimension k but each code vector has n digits.

c) What is a cyclic code?

d) Code described in (b) has a specific name, explain. (2+3+2+3)

Q. 25. Show that retract of a projective module is projective.

Q. 26. Show that outer measure of an interval is its length.

Q. 27. Prove that every action gives rise to a permutation representation and vice versa.

Good Luck

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